## SOIL FEATURES Griggs County, North Dakota

The following table gives estimates of various soil features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

A restrictive layer is a nearly continuous layer that has one or more physical, chemical, or thermal properties that significantly impede the movement of water and air through the soil or that restrict roots or otherwise provide an unfavorable root environment. Examples are bedrock, cemented layers, dense layers, and frozen layers. The table indicates the hardness and thickness of the restrictive layer, both of which significantly affect the ease of excavation. Depth to top is the vertical distance from the soil surface to the upper boundary of the restrictive layer.

Potential for frost action is the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses (frost heave) and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing. Frost action occurs when moisture moves into the freezing zone of the soil. Temperature, texture, density, permeability, content of organic matter, and depth to the water table are the most important factors considered in evaluating the potential for frost action. It is assumed that the soil is not insulated by vegetation or snow and is not artificially drained. Silty and highly structured, clayey soils that have a high water table in winter are the most susceptible to frost action. Well drained, very gravelly, or very sandy soils are the least susceptible. Frost heave and low soil strength during thawing cause damage to pavements and other rigid structures.

Risk of corrosion pertains to potential soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that corrodes or weakens uncoated steel or concrete. The rate of corrosion of uncoated steel is related to such factors as soil moisture, particle-size distribution, acidity, and electrical conductivity of the soil. The rate of corrosion of concrete is based mainly on the sulfate and sodium content, texture, moisture content, and acidity of the soil. Special site examination and design may be needed if the combination of factors results in a severe hazard of corrosion. The steel or concrete in installations that intersect soil boundaries or soil layers is more susceptible to corrosion than the steel or concrete in installations that are entirely within one kind of soil or within one soil layer.

For uncoated steel, the risk of corrosion, expressed as low, moderate, or high, is based on soil drainage class, total acidity, electrical resistivity near field capacity, and electrical conductivity of the saturation extract.

For concrete, the risk of corrosion also is expressed as low, moderate, or high. It is based on soil texture, acidity, and amount of sulfates in the saturation extract.

## SOIL FEATURES--Continued Griggs County, North Dakota

Map symbol	Restrictive layer				Potential	Risk of corrosion	
and soil name	Kind	Depth to top	Thickness	Hardness	for Frost action	Uncoated Steel	Concrete
61:		In	In				
Arveson					High	High	Low
Barnes					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Buse    120:					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Buse					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Barnes					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Barnes					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Svea   167:					Moderate	High 	Low
Bearden					High	High	Low
Brantford					Low	Low	Low
Buse					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Barnes					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Buse					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Barnes					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Cresbard					Moderate	High	Moderate
Cavour					Moderate	High	Moderate
450:   Colvin					High	High	Low
511:   Divide					Moderate	High	Low
536:   Zell					High	Low	Low
Eckman					High	Moderate	Low
Edgeley	20-40	Bedrock (paralithic)		Noncemented	Moderate	High	Low
541:							
Edgeley	20-40	Bedrock   (paralithic)		Noncemented	Moderate	High	Low
569: Embden					Modorato	Modorato	T OT
579:					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Embden					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Egeland    595:					Moderate	Low	Low
Emrick					Moderate	High	Low
Cathay					Moderate	High	Moderate
597: Emrick					Moderate	  High	Low
Heimdal					Moderate	High	Low
605: Esmond					Moderate	  High	Low
Heimdal					Moderate	High	Low
753: Fram					High	  High	Low
Wyard					High	High	Low
Gardena					High	Moderate	Low
773: Gardena					High	Moderate	Low
Eckman					High	Moderate	Low
Hamerly					High	High	Low
Tonka    884:					High	High	Low
Hamerly					High	High	Low
Wyard					High	High	Low
893:   Harriet					High	High	Moderate
988: Heimdal					Moderate	High	Low
Emrick					Moderate	High	Low

## SOIL FEATURES--Continued Griggs County, North Dakota

Map symbol	Restrictive layer				Potential	Risk of corrosion	
and soil name	Kind	Depth to top	Thickness	Hardness	for Frost action	Uncoated Steel	Concrete
998:		In	In				
Heimdal					Moderate	  High	Low
Esmond					Moderate	High	Low
1001:							
Esmond					Moderate	High	Low
Heimdal					Moderate	High	Low
Kensal					High	High	Low
Ladelle					High	High	Low
Larson					Moderate	High	Moderate
Cathay					Moderate	High	Moderate
1188: Ludden, NONSALINE					High	High	Low
1189: Ludden, SALINE 1221:					High	High	Moderate
Maddock					Low	Low	Low
Hecla					Moderate	Low	Low
Marysland					High	High	Low
1268:   Marysland   1427:					High	High	Low
Parnell					High	High	Low
Wyndmere					High	High	Low
Pits, Sand And Gravel					None	Low	Low
Southam					High	High	Low
Svea					Moderate	High	Low
Barnes					Moderate	Moderate	Low
1765: Svea					Moderate	  High	Low
Buse					Moderate	Moderate	Low
1766:							
Buse					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Svea					Moderate	High	Low
Cresbard					Moderate	High	Moderate
Svea					Moderate	High	Low
1781: Swenoda					Moderate	High	Low
1843:					Modamat -	High	T OT
Towner					Moderate	High	Low
Parnell					High	High	Low
Vallers					High	High	Low
1886:					II.i ab	III ab	Madamata
Hamerly Vallers					High  High	High  High	Moderate Moderate
1970:					1111911	1	TIOUCTALE
Walum					Low	High	Low
Water							
2118:   Fram					High	  High	Low
Tonka					High	High  High	Low
2121:						3	
Ferney2151:					Moderate	High	Moderate
Binford					Low	Low	Low
Coe					Low	Low	Low

## SOIL FEATURES--Continued Griggs County, North Dakota

Map symbol	Restrictive layer				Potential	Risk of corrosion	
and soil name	Kind	Depth to top	Thickness	Hardness	for Frost action	Uncoated Steel	Concrete
·		In	-				. ————
2152:		1	1 111				
Coe					Low	Low	Low
Binford					Low	Low	Low
2153:							
Edgeley	20-40	Bedrock (paralithic)			Moderate	High	Low
Kloten	9-20	Bedrock (paralithic)			Moderate	High	Low
Esmond					Moderate	High	Low
Lamoure					High	High	Moderate
Rauville					High	High	Moderate
2157:							
Maddock					Low	Low	Low
Esmond					Moderate	High	Low
Embden					Moderate	High	Low
Velva    2159:					Moderate	High	Low
Walsh    2196:					Moderate	High	Low
Colvin, SALINE					High	High	Moderate
Bearden, SALINE-					High	High	Moderate
2197:					5	5	
Edgeley	20-40	Bedrock (paralithic)		Noncemented	Moderate	High	Low
Kloten	9-20	Bedrock (paralithic)		Noncemented	Moderate	High	Low
2198:							
Hamar					Moderate	High	Low
Hecla					Moderate	Low	Low
2199: Hamerly, VERY					High	High	Low
STONY					_		
Barnes, VERY STONY					Moderate	High	Low
Tonka, VERY STONY					High	High	Low
2200:							
Letcher					Moderate	High	Moderate
Swenoda					Moderate	High	Low
2201:   Stirum					Moderate	ui ch	Moderate
Arveson, SALINE-					Moderate   High	High  High	Low
2202:			1		1111911	111911	LOW
Swenoda					Moderate	High	Low
Barnes					Moderate	High	Low
Swenoda					Moderate	High	Low
Barnes					Moderate	High	Low
2204:			1		1		_
Walsh 2205:					Moderate	High 	Low
Zell					High	Low	Low
Eckman					High	Moderate	Low
	1	I			I	I	1